Employers and Employees
HERE IS WHAT THE—
Southern Oregon Medical Service Association

—Owned And Operated By Rogue River Valley Physicians—

CAN DO FOR YOU!

4

REASONS WHY
You Need This Service

1. It protects you against the financial burden often caused by a prolonged illness or a surgical operation.
2. It provides you with complete service (medical, surgical, hospital, etc.) whenever you suffer any illness or any injury.
3. It offers you medical attention from well-qualified physicians and surgeons. You get complete, convenient service.
4. The cost to you is small . . . while the protection and service you receive are invaluable.

Under the Full Coverage Contract of this Association everything is furnished that any person would need whenever he is sick or injured. These services are listed below. More complete details will gladly be given.

- Medical And Surgical Service
- Immediate Service In Emergency
- Elimination of Red Tape Delays
- Competent Dental Service
- Medicines and Supplies
- First Aid Facilities
- Hospital Service
- X-Ray Service
- Physical Therapy
- Ambulance Service
- Prophylactic Measures

COMPLETE SERVICE AT LOW COST — MORE THAN 20 PHYSICIANS —SURGEONS AND SPECIALISTS TO SERVE YOU.

STAFF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

Bishop, W. G., Medford
Clancy, R. W., Medford
Dodson, A. E., Medford
Durno, Edwin R., Medford
Findley, Dwight H., Medford
Gillis, Harold B., Medford
Green, R. E., Medford
Haines, Chas. A., Ashland
Hayes, James C., Medford
Holt, Wm. W. P., Medford
Inskeep, L. D., Medford
Krause, Walter A. F., Medford
Mortensen, R. P., Barneburg Road
Roney, Wm. F., Medford
Sleeter, R. W., Medford
Stearns, R. W., Medford
Wilson, Benton C., Medford
Woods, Harvey A., Ashland

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALISTS

Lemery, Chas. W., Medford
Thayer, F. G., Medford
Woods, Ernest A., Ashland

X-RAY

Moffatt, F. J., Medford

Complete Information Cheerfully Given . . Just 'phone 311 and we'll gladly call at your office. Headquarters: Medford Center Building.

An Association That Is 100% Home Owned!

5388

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1771

8140

Referred to us by Clark County Lbr. Co. on 12/8/37 - MIA

Multnomah Industrial Health Association

IMPORTANT
A treatment requisition must be presented by insured persons to staff doctors at the time of initial call for service.

Business Office
Phone ATwater 6393

337 Pittock Block
Portland, Oregon

"The Doctors' Own Association"

NOVEMBER 1, 1937

STAFF PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, CONSULTANTS AND AFFILIATED SERVICES

PORTLAND
STAFF PHYSICIANS

Anderson, Earl M.
Averill, Harold L.
Bastron, Carl H.
Beaty, J. O.
Bendshadler, Geo. H.
Berger, Edmund H.
Berkley, A. L.
Biesedorf, H. R.
Bildstein, Julius A.
Blosser, H. L.
Bellam, D. C.
Booth, Courtland L.
Boyd, Adna M.
Brun, Donald W.
Brauer, David
Brodie, F. Walter
Brodie, Jessie Laird
Brooks, Lloyd W.
Brown, C. E.
Brown, Vernon J.
Brunkow, C. W.
Buckley, J. Everett
Buesermann, W. H.
Carrico, James H.
Cathey, Geo. A.
Dammasch, F. H.
Davis, Theo. A.
Dickinson, Lee W.
Ditto, Johnson F.
Dodson, Ralph M.
Elmer, Antone
Enkeln, J. J.
Fisch, F. P.
Foster, Wilmot C.
Frisbie, Chas. B.
Gilstrap, W. J.
Goldman, Jack
Greene, Robert
Greyse, Lumen
Grossman, A. A.
Hale, Warren W.
Hall, Co G.
Hamilton, R. R.
Hemenway, J. B.
Hollingworth, C. J.
Holman, Jerome L.
Homann, Paul H.
Howard, Martin A.
Hunter, Frederick R.
Irvine, Harry S.
Jacobs, Richard N.
Johnson, Arthur H.
Jones, Arthur C.
Jones, Marion J.
Kaiser, Wm. F.
Kaufman, Russell H.
LaFerra, S. F.
Leonard, H. F.
Lewis, Claude A.
Lind, Laurie P.

PORTLAND
STAFF PHYSICIANS

Lockwood, W. D.
Marzer, John L.
McCowan, J. G.
Misner, Joseph R.
Moore, Harry B.
Nelson, Luther T.
Newcastle, Chas. C.
Nisbet, Oliver M.
Owen, Eugene P.
Page, H. M.
Panton, Wm. C.
Parks, E. W.
Paul, A. B.
Pease, Geo. Norman
Phillips, Ben I.
Pochert, Arthur D.
Prag, R. M.
Ryan, Carlton P.
Rankin, John S.
Reiner, Walter C.
Riedel, H. F.
Rippey, E. E.
Rosenberg, H. L.
Rosenberg, J. J.
Rosenblatt, Millard S.
Ross, Carl T.
Ross, Cecil J.
Roudy, V. E.
Rybka, Chas. L.
Sheldon, S. H.
Shoot, H. E.
Short, F. A.
Sichel, Martha S.
Smith, C. H.
South, F. Floyd
Sparks, Rachel Carleton
Springer, J. V.
Staub, Howard P.
Staub, Raymond R.
Stearns, R. S.
Steelhammer, H. W.
Stoffanoff, Dan N.
Steinberg, M. E.
Sternberg, Jos. D.
Stout, Wm. T.
Stratford, E. Wayne
Swart, Dennis S.
Swenson, Karl J.
Tanaka, B. M.
Taylor, Millard B.
Tegart, R. Lloyd
Thayer, Wm. H.
Thorup, J. M.
Uhle, O. H.
Underwood, Dora J.
Van Loan, B. A.
Van Vlerah, Clyde
Wade, Ben N.
Watters, Ralph W.
White, John B.
Wiley, James W.
Witham, A. A.
Woerner, Paul
Wood, Joseph F.
Ziegler, Frederic

PORTLAND
CONSULTANTS

(These physicians will receive patients only when referred by a staff physician.)

Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat
Bosworth, Squire S.
Henton, Geo. E.
Jones, Lester T.
Jordan, Lewis W.
Kidd, A. E.
Lucas, H. R.
Petheram, Chas. C.
Saunders, George C.
Ullman, E. V.
Watts, F. D.

Genito-Urinary
Armen, C. K.
Cheetham, John G.
Howard, H. W.
Strohm, J. Guy

Gynecologists
Dudman, V. E.
Ellis, Robt. H.

Internists
Brill, I. C.
Pierce, Edward Allen
Severeide, Albert L.

Neurosurgeon
McLean, Arthur J.

Orthopedist
Berg, Richard F.

Rectal Disease
Black, Walter W.
Smalley, Robert B.

Skin Diseases
Illge, H Alfred
Saunders, Theo. S.

Surgeons
BeDine, C. D.
Cantril, A. H.
Johnson, A. Holmes

Laboratory
Foskett, H. H.
Lawrence, Harriett J.

X-Ray
Haworth, Wallace
Woolley, Ivan M.

DENTAL X-RAY
Anderson, T. W.
Finott, H. C.

HOSPITALS
Emanuel
Good Samaritan
Portland Sanitarium
St. Vincent's

AMBULANCE SERVICE
Buck
Dugan's
East Side
Red Cross

TAXI SERVICE
Royal Cab Co.
Yellow Cab Co.

PORTLAND
DENTISTS

Adams, W. C.
Anderson, T. W.
Bartels, John C.
Brandon, Robt. B. Jr.
Bridge, K. K.
Davis, R. J.
Finley, J. D.
Geiger, Wm. W.
Greenhalgh, A. E.
Hurley, Willard H.
Johnson, Delmar
Johnson, Walter R.
Maris, R. W.
Milne, F. C.
Milne, M. A.
Nogues, R. G.
Parker, Robert M.
Ringo, J. L.
Sigris, P. G.
Sullivan, Frank
Snyder, L. F.
Urfer, H. R.
Wilson, Harry D.
Woods, Guy

DRUG STORES

Alberta Pharmacy
Beaver Pharmacy
Belmont Pharmacy
Braley's, Inc.
Broadwill Pharmacy
Brooklyn Pharmacy
Brown's Pharmacy
The Bush Pharmacy
Cottel Drug Co.
Currins for Drugs
Curry Pharmacy
Davis Drug Co.
D. & L. Drug Store
Everhart Drug Co.
Fisher Drug Co.
Folkestad's Pharmacy
Foster Road Pharmacy
W. E. Fowler
Hauck Bros.
Hammel's Pharmacy
Hospital Pharmacy
Householder Pharmacy
Irvington Pharmacy
Kaegi's Pharmacy
Kenton Drug Company
Kellogg Pharmacy
Larson's Pharmacy
Laurelhurst Pharmacy
Matthieu Drug Co.
Mays Drug Co.
Mt. Scott Pharmacy
Multnomah Drug Co.
Frank Nau
Pacific Drug Co.
Paulsen's Pharmacy
Roy A. Perry
Phipps Pharmacy
Plummer Drug Co.
Post Office Pharmacy
Potter Drug Co.
Powers & Eaton
Prescription Shop, The
Rhodes Drug Store
Riggs Pharmacy
Sears Drug Company
Stipe Drug Co.
C. Earl Watkins
John T. Witty Pharmacy
Lee Witty Drugs
Woodstock Pharmacy

FOR OUT OF TOWN PATIENTS

Multnomah County
Gresham, Oregon
Adix, H. V.
Goldman, Jack
Troutdale, Oregon
Mangels, Raymond W.

Clackamas County
Milwaukie, Oregon
Springer, J. V.
Molalla, Oregon
Hume, F. E.
Todd, Elmer R.
Oregon City
Cleland, John G. P.
Eaton, W. Ross
Huycke, A. H.
McLean, Edward H.
Mount, Albert
Mount, Guy
Steele, Wm. O.
Strickland, G. H.
Durham, Oregon
MacDougall, W. H.
Sandy, Oregon
Goldman, Jack
Oregon City, Oregon
Oregon City Hospital
Hutchinson's Hospital
Oregon City, Oregon
Hardenbrook & Chapman, Dentists
Wilson, R. J., Dentist

Columbia County
Rainier, Oregon
Kenney, M. A.
Scappoose, Oregon
McCown, A. C.
St. Helens Oregon
Barton, John C.
Johnstone, Arthur E.
MacDonald, R. G.
Ross, L. G.

Hood River County
Hood River
Hardwick, C. E.
McCain, C. W.

Malheur County
Nyssa, Oregon
Maulding, L. A.

Washington County
Aloha, Oregon
Hollingworth, C. J.
Beaverton, Oregon
Mason, C. E.
Forest Grove, Oregon
Kimes, R. M.
Via, G. F.
Waltz, R. S.
Hillsboro, Oregon
Huggins, H. D.
Pitman, A. O.
Robin, J. O.
Wiley, D. E.

Yamhill County
Newberg, Oregon
Wilcox, F. T.
Vancouver, Washington
Brougher, J. C.
Staff Physicians of Clark County Medical Service Bureau

We are affiliated with the following Hospital Associations:

Eugene—Pacific Hospital Association
North Bend—Coos Bay Hospital Association
Medford—Southern Oregon Medical Service Association
Salem—Physicians and Surgeons Hospital Assn.
Vancouver, Wn.—Clark County Medical Service Bureau

Call Any Staff Physician of the Multnomah Medical Service Bureau

This list is prepared for our subscribers only. If unable to locate your doctor, call ATwater 4175 and ask for a staff physician. 25

MAY 1, 1940

Staff Physicians

Allen, Roland
Anderson, Earl M.
Atkins, Charles B.
Averill, Harold L.

Bastron, Carl H.
Beatty, J. O.
Beck, William F.
Bendshadler, Geo. H.
Berger, Edmund H.
Berkley, A. L.
Besson, John
Besson, L. S.
Bierodorf, H. E.
Bildstein, Julius A.
Bissett, R. A.
Blosser, H. L.
BeDino, C. D.
BeDino, C. Elliott
Booth, Courtland L.
Boyd, Adna M.
Broe, Donald W.
Brouer, David
Brill, I. C.
Brodie, F. Walter
Brodie, Jessie Laird
Brous, C. E.
Brown, Kenneth C.
Brown, Vernon J.
Brunkow, C. W.
Buckley, J. Everett
Buscrmena, W. H.

Canlparoli, Sante D.
Carrico, James H.
Carter, Filmer W.
Cathey, Collie F.
Cathey, Geo. A.
Cavenaugh, Wm. W.
Chidby, Keith M.
Collie, W. J.

Davis, Thos. A.
Diack, Arch W.
Dickinson, Lee W.
Ditto, Johnson F.
Dodson, Ralph M.

East, Marion R.
Elmer, Florence G.
Emmerson, H. C.
Emmett, Lester H.
Ekhe'is, J. J.

Fisch, F. P.
Fisher, Ralph S.
Foster, Wilmot C.
Fox, Thos. J.
Frisbie, Chas. B.

Gambee, E. E.
Gambee, Louis
Gantenbein, C. E.
Gilstrap, W. J.
Goldman, Jack
Goldsmith, Leon A.
Goodman, Morton J.
Graves, Lusana
Greene, Robert
Grelle, James H.
Grossman, A. A.

Hale, Warren W.
Hall, C. G
Hamilton, R. B
Hansen, Paul S.
Harcourt, R. A.
Hare, Wm. B.
Hollingworth, C. J.
Holmen, Jerome L.
Homann, Paul H.
Howard, Martin A.
Hunter, Frederick R.

Irvine, Harry S.
Jacobs, Richard N.
Johnson, Arthur H.
Jones, Arthur C.
Jones, Marion J.

Kaiser, Wm. F.
Kaufman, Russell H.
Kelsey, Walter L.
Kenin, Leon

Lamb, Stanley
Lancefield, Kenneth
Lee, Ting D.
LeFevre, J. T.
LeFevre, S. F.
Leonard, H. F.
Lewis, Claude A.
Lind, Laurie P.
Littlehales, C. E.

Mangels, R. W.
Marston, C. E.
Marxer, John L.
McDaniels, Roy
McGowan, G. J.
Miller, Walter C.
Misner, Joseph R.
Moore, Harry B.
Morse, Earl P.

Nelsen, Luther T.
Newcastle, Chas. C.
Nichols, H. Miner
Niabet, Oliver M.

Ong, H. F.
Owen, Eugene P.

Page, H. M.
Palmer, C. Harold
Parks, E. W.
Paul, A. B.
Pease, Geo. Norman
Pettit, Joseph A.
Phillips, Ben I.
Pochert, Arthur D.
Prag, R. M.
Pynn, Carlton T.

Rankin, John S.
Reiner, Walter C.
Rieon, Leo
Riedel, H. F.
Rippey, E. E.
Roberts, Joseph M.
Robinson, Edwin G.
Rosenberg, H. L.
Rosenberg, J. J.
Rosenblatt, M. S.
Ross, Carl T.
Ross, Cecil J.
Ruedy, V. E.
Rybke, Chas. L.

Schneider, Leo
Seabrook, Dean B.
Severeide, Albert L.
Sheldon, S. H.
Shields, H. R.
Shoot, H. E.
Short, F. A.
Sichel, Martin S.
Sisson, Merrell A.
Smith, C. M.
Smith, Clarence W.
Smith, Kenneth G.
Snow, Eldon W.
Spengler, Paul E.
Sparks, Rachel C.
Springer, J. V.
Staats, T. P.
Staub, Raymond B.
Steelhammer, H. W.
Steffanoff, Dan N.
Steinberg, M. E.
Sternberg, Jos. D.
Stout, Wm. T.
Stratford, E. Wayne
Swart, Dennis. S.
Swett, Wm.

Tanaka, S. M.
Taylor, Millard B.
Tegart, R. Lloyd
Thayer, Wm. H.
Thomas, Robert L.
Thorup, J. M.
Tremmald, John P.

Uhle, O. H.
Underwood, Dora L.

Van Cleve, Archie C.
Van Loan, B. A.
Van Vlerah, Clyde
Vidgoff, Ben
Vinton, Dorothy J.

Wade, Ben N.
Watters, Ralph W.
Webster, A. M.
Wiley, David R.
Wiley, James W.
Wilson, Wm. M.
Witham, A. A.
Woods, B. O.
Wood, Joseph F.
Woolcott, Floyd L.

Yost, Charles W.

Zener, Bertram
Ziegler, Frederic

AMBULANCES
Buck
Dugan
East Side
Oregon
Red Cross

HOSPITALS
Colley Memorial
Emanuel
Good Samaritan
Hahnemann
Portland Sanitarium
St. Vincent

TAXI SERVICE—
(When Authorized)
Royal Cab Co.
Yellow Cab Co.

Consultants

(These physicians will receive patients only when referred by a staff physician.)

EAR, NOSE & THROAT
Adix, H. V. Jr.
Bailey, Paul
Boyden, Guy L.

EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT
Bouvy, Harry M.
Bosorth, Squire S.
Jones, Lester T.
Jordan, Lewis W.
Kidd, A. E.
Lucas, H. B.
McCollom, J. W.
Neely, Paul T.
Petheram, Chas. C.
Saunders, George C.
Simons, Max
Ullman, E. V.
Watts, F. D.

EYES ONLY
Browning, A. J.
Henton, George

GENITO-URINARY
Armes, G. E.
Cheetham, John G.
Howard, H. W.
Montgomery, I. B.
Nitschke, E. J.
Roemer, Thos. J.
Strohm, J. Guy

GYNECOLOGISTS
Dudman, V. E.
Ellis, Robert H.

INTERNISTS
Dietrich, Frank S.
Fenton, Wm. C.
Pierce, Edward Allen
Underwood, F. J.
Wilson, Charles P.

NEURO-PSYCHIATRY
Burkee, D. C.
Hutchens, Wendell H.

NEUROSURGEON
B .. John

ORTHOPEDIST
Akin, Otis F.
Berg, Richard F.
Blair, Harry C.
Carlson, C. Elmer
Kimberley, A. Gurney
Thatcher, H. vH.

PLASTIC AND RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY
Gurney, Charles

RECTAL DISEASES
Black, Walter W.
Bolliam, D. C.
Laird, Donald R.
Smalley, Robert B.
South, F. Floyd

SKIN DISEASES
Illige, Alfred H.
Saunders, Thos. S.

LABORATORY
Burgman & Adams
Foskett, H. H.
Howe, Emma
Lawrence, Harriet J.
Manleve, Charles H.

X-RAY
Haworth, Wallace
Ross, Sherman E.
Wesley, Ivan M.

DENTAL X-RAY
Anderson, T. W.
Fixott, H. C.

DENTISTS
Adams, W. C.
Anderson, T. W.
Bartels, John C.
Bridge, E. E.
Davis, R. J.
Doenler, Wm. C.
Finley, J. D.
Fixott, H. C.
Geiger, Wm. W.
Greenhalgh, A. E.
Hurley, Willard H.
Kamesy, Edward
Maris, R. W.
Milne, F. G.
Milne, M. A.
Nelson, R. G.
Parker, Robert M.
Ringo, J. L.
Sigris, F. G.
Snyder, L. P.
Sullivan, Frank
Swisher, E. M.
Urier, H. R.
Wilson, Harry D.
Woods, Guy
Zimmerman, Neal

Staff Physicians Outside of Portland

BEAVERTON, ORE.
Mason, C. E.

FOREST GROVE, ORE.
Kinne, R. M.
Waltz, R. S.

GRESHAM, ORE.
Adix, H. V.
Goldman, Jack

HILLSBORO, ORE.
McDonald, D. C.
Pitman, A. O.
Robb, J. O.
Wiley, D. E.

HOOD RIVER, ORE.
McCain, C. W.
Wells, Stanley E.

MILWAUKIE, ORE.
Remly, Thomas D.
Sweeney, L. Russell

NEWBERG, ORE.
Wilcox, F. T.

NYSSA, ORE.
Moulding, L. A.

OREGON CITY, ORE.
Claimd, John G. P.
Eaton, W. Ross
Huycke, A. H.
McLean, Edward H.
Mount, Albert
Mount, Guy
Steele, Wm. O.
Strickland, G. H.

OSWEGO, ORE.
Cann, Wm. H.
MacDougall, W. H.

RAINIER, ORE.
Kenney, M. A.

SANDY, ORE.
Goldman, Jack

SCAPPOOSE, ORE.
McCown, A. C.

ST. HELENS, ORE.
Barton, John C.
Flynn, J. H.
Johnstone, Arthur E.
Koziol, Edward S.
McDonald, R. G.
Ross, Edwin
Sherwin, E. N.

THE DALLES, ORE.
Coberth, Thompson
Griffith, Thomas E.
Morse, W. N.
Payne, DeWalt
Reuter, J. A.
Smith, E. Neal
Thompson, Fred T.
vander Vlugt, Martha R.
Vogt, Paul R.
Young, Grace

TROUTDALE, ORE.
Mangels, R. W.

TIGARD, ORE.
Bissett, R. A.

We are affiliated with the following physician owned associations:

EUGENE—Pacific Hospital Association. Eugene Hospital & Clinic.
KLAMATH FALLS—Klamath Medical Service Bureau.
LA GRANDE—Union County Medical Service Bureau.
MEDFORD—Southern Oregon Medical Service Association.
NORTH BEND—Coos Bay Hospital Association.
OREGON CITY—Association of Clackamas County Physicians.
SALEM—Physicians and Surgeons Hospital Association.
TILLAMOOK—Tillamook Hospital Association.

8141 Plaintiff's Exhibit 1773 5389

5390

8142

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1774

Full Coverage Agreement

Eugene Hospital & Clinic

AND

19 TO 19

EUGENE HOSPITAL & CLINIC, EUGENE, OREGON

Agreement for Service

NO. ——

ISSUED BY THE

EUGENE HOSPITAL & CLINIC

For the employees of Industrial and Commercial firms in Lane County, Oregon, under the terms and conditions as outlined in this

Full Coverage Agreement

"Owned and Operated by Local Physicians"

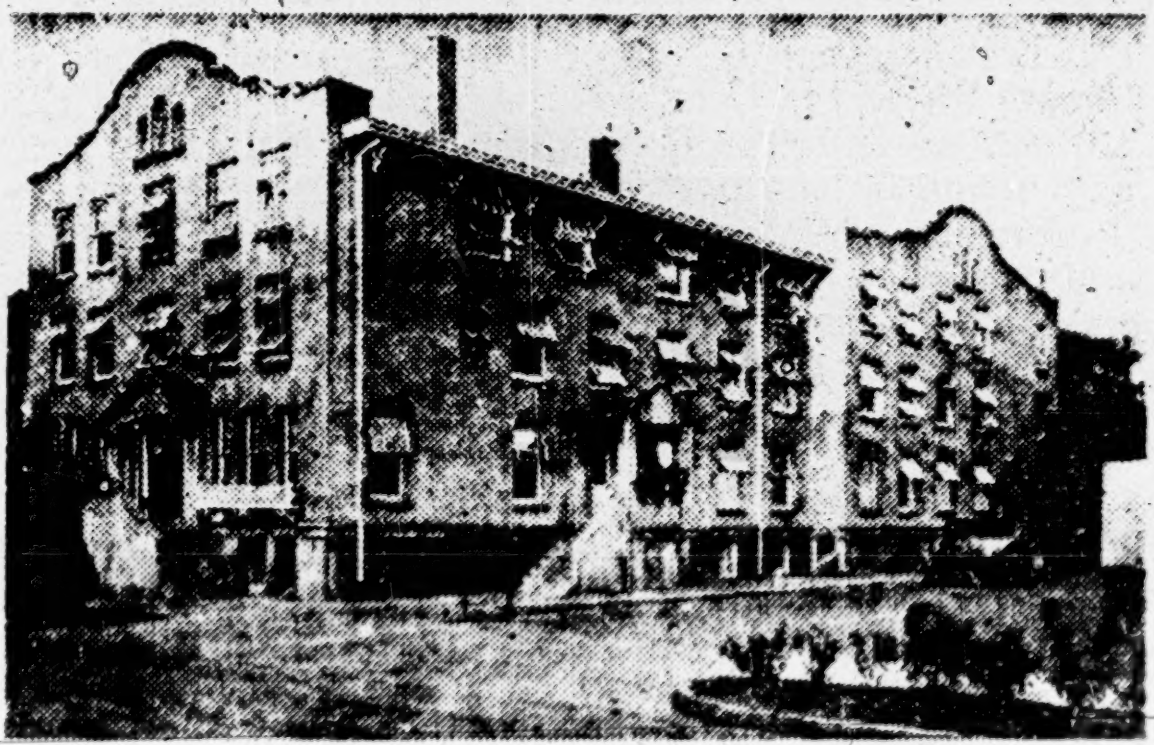
5393

8145

Phone 1800

EUGENE HOSPITAL & CLINIC

1162 Willamette Street Eugene, Oregon



Plaintiff's Exhibit 1778

8146 April 7, 1947

Memo: Re: Stephen Kane
Lawrence Warehouse Co.

Mr. Kane, a member of the Association through the Lawrence Warehouse Co., sent us a statement covering services rendered by Dr. Gordon Leitch. We wrote Mr. Kane suggesting that he obtain an itemized statement and sent him a form for the convenience of his doctor in furnishing the report and itemized statement. Mr. Kane later called at the Association's office on April 7, 1947, and advised that Dr. Leitch refused to give him an itemized statement and informed him that he would not furnish any information that would be helpful to the Association in any way. I told Mr. Kane that we had not asked Dr. Leitch for any information and we were simply asking him to supply us with sufficient information so that we could reimburse him for any payment he made to the Doctor. Mr. Kane is going to try the doctor again for the information.

Dr. Leitch is one of the doctors who testified before the Senate Judiciary Committee at a hearing held on Senate Bill 427 advising the Committee that he had never hear of any action on the part of the medical society to suspend doctors who cooperate with hospital associations. He also stated that he accepted all patients as private patients and was quite willing to give itemized statements of any services he rendered.

W. J. Page

WJP:mbk

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1779

8147 (Al Walsh of Industrial Hospital Assn. advised this letter was written about Dec. 1942.) NBB

MEDICAL SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

To Employees of St. Helens Pulp & Paper Co.:

All employees requiring hospital or doctor's services are requested to report to the plant nurse and get authorization before going to a doctor. The only exception will be in case of actual emergency when it would not be feasible to contact the nurse first.

When the local doctor will not accept hospital tickets, cash advances or cash refunds may be obtained from Mr. Moore at the main office. But, cash advances or refunds will be made only when authorization for medical services has been obtained from the plant nurse as above directed.

You have the privilege of obtaining services from any of the St. Helens doctors.

Any employee requiring, or desiring services from a physician, surgeon or specialists in Portland, should always see the plant first-aid nurse if possible, and if not, then call the Industrial Hospital Association in Portland, phone BEacon 3193. If arrangements for these special services are made through the Association, the employee will be protected against excess doctor's fees, but if arrangements are not made through the Association, the employee will have to pay all charges in excess of the regular fees paid by the Association for hospital, doctor and medical services.

Your hospital committee believes that if employees will follow the above instructions, our medical service will be more efficient, misunderstandings will be avoided, and employees may be saved from having to pay for excess doctor bills.

Hospital Committee:

(Signed) M E McMICHAEL
(Signed) HARRY C. COLE
(Signed) (Illegible) WENNER
(Signed) JAMES H. MALONE
(Signed) LEE F. TODD
(Signed) John E. Gardner

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1781

8148 OREGON [Emblem] PHYSICIANS' *SERVICE*

SPONSORED BY THE OREGON STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY

OREGON'S APPROVED MEDICAL SERVICE PLAN

1214 S. W. SIXTH AVE.
PORTLAND 4, OREGON

October 1, 1949

Dear Doctor:

August, 1949 fee schedule percentages for the various Pools are as follows:

August, 1949
Percent of Fee
Schedule

Jackson	80%
Josephine	100%
Douglas	100%
Yamhill	100%
Linn	100%
Marion Polk	80%
Lincoln	100%
Benton	100%
State	100%
Multnomah	75%
Crook Wheeler	100%
Eastern Oregon	80%
Washington	80%
Columbia	80%
Clatsop	100%
Central Oregon	0%
Mid Columbia	100%

Very truly yours,

OREGON PHYSICIANS' SERVICE

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1782

8149 CITY LUMBER & SUPPLY CO.

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS RETAIL DEALERS

LUMBER, COAL, BUILDING MATERIALS

MAIN OFFICES, DOCKS — LUMBER YARD
FOOT OF 9TH. & 10TH STS. — 22ND, & COMMERCIAL STS.
ASTORIA, OREGON

Nov. 19, 1945

Mr. W. J. Page
National Hospital Assn.
716 S. W. 3rd St.,
Portland, Oregon

Dear Mr. Page:

We are enclosing statement for Mrs. H. J. Jensen along with your blank, which the doctor refused to fill out.

Please send check for amount of the statement.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) PATRICIA QUINLAN
CITY LUMBER & SUPPLY CO.

8150

STATEMENT

ASTORIA, OREGON, October 1 1945

DR. REGNER W. KULLBERG
RESIDENCE PHONE 163

DR. CHARLES L. KAUFMAN
RESIDENCE PHONE 1017

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

HOURS 11 To 12 A. M. 2 To 5 P. M.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

OFFICE PHONE 311

Mrs. Viola Jensen
Route 1, Box 122
ASTORIA

TO PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

8-22-45	Office call	$ 1.50
8-23-45	X-Ray	10.00
		$11.50

Paid in full
Oct 8 1945
R. W. Kullberg, M. D.
By: (Signed) H. SIMONSON
Secretary

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1783

8151

EDWARD H. McLEAN, M. D.
T. J. MATHEWS, M. D.
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
Oregon City, Oregon

Mar. 10, 1945.

Mr. C. C. Bechtold
General Manager
National Hospital Assn.
Mohawk Bldg.
Portland, Oregon.

Dear Sir:

Re: Archie Beach

I have investigated and find that this man was mailed a statement of his account. When he first came in to me for treatment we told him that it would be purely a personal matter and we were not giving anybody but him a statement of his account, or a report on his case.

I am sorry to be disagreeable, but we will have to stick to this policy.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) EDWARD H. McLEAN

Edward H. McLean.

EHMc/w

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1784

8152

Officers	Directors
Rufus Kraxberger President	Rufus Kraxberger
Herman B. Etzel Vice-President	Herman B. Etzel
Howard H. Eccles Secretary	Albert F. Eyman
C. E. Johnson Treasurer	V. C. Doppleb
	E. E. Bradtl

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS
Processors of Fiber Flax Products
Route 1, Phone 2113

Canby, Oregon

September 13, 1945

National Hospital Association
Mohawk Bldg.
Portland, Ore.

Gentlemen:

Your letter of Sept. 10th reference to the claim of Marjorie Church received and in reply will say that Miss Church asked the Doctor for an itemized statement and that is what they gave her.

You know the Oregon City Doctors are fighting the National Hospital Association and will not recognize the tickets we give and do all they can to try and force us into their Association.

This claim is small and is an honest claim and you should pay it. When these claims are turned down it is very embarrassing for us and tends to make the workers dissatisfied with the sort of protection we are offering them. Many of them want us to drop the National Hospital just on account of the Doctors telling them they will not accept the tickets. It might be that enough pressure will be brought on us to make us change.

This is about a dozen times I have had to make this same explanation and hope it does not sound as if the Clackamas Flax Growers is dissatisfied as we are not. Trusting that

you will immediately send a check for Miss Church and close the matter, we remain,

Very truly yours,

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS

By (Signed) HOWARD H ECCLES

8153

OFFICERS	Directors
Rufus Kraxberger President	Rufus Kraxberger
Herman B. Etzel Vice-President	Herman B. Etzel
Howard H. Eccles Secretary	Albert F. Eyman
C. E. Johnson Treasurer	V. C.Doppleb
	E. E. Bradtl

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS
PROCESSORS OF FIBER FLAX PRODUCTS
ROUTE 1; PHONE 2113

Canby, Oregon

Sept. 7, 1945

National Hospital Association
Mohawk Bldg.
Portland, Oregon

Gentlemen:

Inclosed you will find a bill by Dr. Guy Mount of Oregon City against one of our workers, Miss Marjorie Church.

As you know the Oregon City Doctors do not recognize our Hospital tickets and all or employees are instructed to pay their bill if the Doctor will not accept the ticket and then they will be reimbursed by your company.

Kindly send your check for $9.00 to Miss Marjorie Church, Canby, Oregon RFD #2 and oblige.

Very truly yours,

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS

By (Signed) HOWARD H. ECCLES

Howard H. Eccles, Sec.

8154

Officers	Directors
Rufus Kraxberger President	Rufus Kraxberger
Herman B. Etzel Vice-President	Herman B. Etzel
Howard H. Eccles Secretary	Albert F. Eyman
C. E. Johnson Treasurer	V. C. Doppleb
	E. E. Bradtl

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS
PROCESSORS OF FIBER FLAX PRODUCTS
ROUTE 1, PHONE 2113
Canby, Oregon

Aug. 31, 1945

National Hospital Ass'n
Mohawk Bldg.
Portland, Oregon

Gentlemen:

Inclosed you will find a receipted bill from Dr. John P. Cleland of Oregon City who was paid the $2.50 by one of our workers, La Delle Kaufman, for professional services.

The Oregon City Doctors refuse to honor the National Hospital tickets, so we instruct our workers to get bills and we will send them in to you for reimbursing the worker.

This worker had the bill with him when your field man was here this fore noon but he did not turn it in to the office until noon and after your man had gone.

Kindly send Mr. Kaufman a check for the above to me here at the Flax Plant.

Very truly yours,

CLACKAMAS FLAX GROWERS

By (Signed) HOWARD H. ECCLES
Secretary

Howard H. Eccles

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1785

8155 HOUSE STATIONERY

NATIONAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION
TOP FLOOR MOHAWK BUILDING
PORTLAND 4, OREGON

May 11, 1945

Mr. Bechtold:

Re: Meeting with IWA, Sweet Home, May 7th

At this meeting one of the Committee, namely H. S. Dosser, Secretary made the statement that three of the OPS representatives had a meeting with their group a short time back, and he did not remember any of the names except Mr. Baker, but I presume the two other OPS men were Mr. Marshall and Mr. Haynes. He stated that Mr. Baker told him that the OPS was going to give orders to Dr. Irvine and Dr. Herron at Lebanon not to accept the National Hospital Association tickets any more.

L. C. Monnie

(Signed) L. C. MONNIE

LCM:K

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1786

8156 SHERIFF OF JOSEPHINE COUNTY
LOYD LEWIS, SHERIFF
GRANTS PASS, OREGON

June 6th, 1945.

National Hospital Association,
400 Mohawk Bldg.
Portland 4, Oregon.

Gentlemen;

I have had occasion to visit Dr. C. L. Ogle, Grants Pass, for examination and treatment and, after paying the bill and obtaining a receipt, I learned that the doctors of Grants Pass (with one exception) had a meeting and agreed to disregard health insurance such as yours.

After Dr. Ogle examined me he sent me to Medical Arts Laboratory, Grants Pass, for a basal metabolism. The result showed 20 plus indicating a toxic thyroid. This result was then given to Dr. Ogle.

The secretary at Dr. Ogle's office partially filled out your form but did not include the basal metabolism and I am now in the position of having to send you receipts from different offices altho the whole process is correlated.

I do not feel that I should have to have difficulty or embarassment in trying to have your forms filled by a physician and suggest that you enlighten me as to future procedure as I am aware that the doctors do not have to fill any forms if they do not wish to do so. If paid receipts are not sufficient for your office to settle a claim and the doctors refuse to fill in your forms, I feel that it is not worth while to carry the insurance.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) GROVER C. MULL

Grover C. Mull.

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1787

8157 GALES CREEK SAND AND GRAVEL
SUCCESSOR TO SAXTON AND LOONEY
F. L. WARNER, PROP.
FOREST GROVE, OREGON

BUSINESS TELEPHONE 1609J.
RESIDENCE TELEPHONE 45J

Jan 4 1942

National Hospital Association
400 Mohawk Bldg.
Portland Oregon.

Dear Sirs:

We have received signed letters from all Doctors in Washington County advising us that from February 2 1942 they will no longer recognize any hospital association other than the Washington County Association, our employees have given notice that they will no longer pay dues to the National Hospital Association. Therefore from conditions beyond our control we desire to cancil any contract which we may have with the National Hospital Association.

Very truly yours,

Gales Creek Sand and Gravel.

(Signed) F. L. Warner

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1788

8158 August 23, 1949

Manager Individual and Family Dept.
National Hospital Association
732 S.W. 3rd Avenue
Portland 4, Oregon

Dear Sir:

This is regarding my lapse in payments of individual policy with your company.

I do not wish to continue this policy, because the local hospitals will not accept your plan. In Klamath Falls the local doctors have organized a medical and hospital plan of their own K.M.S.B. The local doctors own both hospitals, and will not accept anything but K.M.S.B.

For this reason I wish to discontinue my policy with your company.

Yours truely,

(Signed) Miss Rosamae Greenwood

(Miss) Rosamae Greenwood

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1789

8159 *International Woodworkers of America*

Local No. 6-293
Yamsay, Oregon

August 6, 1942

National Hospital Association
Mohawk Building
716 - S. W. Third
Portland, Oregon.

Re: Termination of Contract

Gentlemen:

In our request that you terminate your contract with the Lamm Lumber Company there was no violation cited to you because this request was based upon our inability to obtain service from local physicians without payment in cash. After consideration of your Associations willingness to re-

imburse our members who presented claims for such payments, and in view of the fact that your representative Mr. Ralph Furrer has appeared before our organization many times in an effort to iron out difficulties arising from this refusal of service, the arrangement as a whole has proven very unsatisfactory.

The Lamm Lumber Company was notified of our desire to terminate your contract in ample time to have accomplished it before the termination date of June 1st. However, we have been informed that due to other pressing and important business and due to the Company's impression that the contract could be terminated at the first of any month after thirty days notice, the matter was neglected.

We feel that it would be very unfair to us if you refuse our request after considering the efforts we have put forth in trying to gain recognition for your Association in this locality, and that we should not be penalized for being forced to exercise our legal rights individually for our failure to induce local physicians to accept tickets as provided by your Association. However, should you persist in your refusal to terminate this contract we can and will exercise these legal rights individually.

Once again we request that you terminate said contract or send us 250 individual release blanks at once.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) CURTICE DANIELS

Curtice Daniels
President

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1790

8160 PHONE ABRDN-1041

LARSON LOGGING CO.
523 FINCH BUILDING
ABERDEEN, WASHINGTON

Jewell, Oregon
October 20, 1945

National Hospital Association
Mohawk Building
Portland 4, Oregon

Attention C. C. Bechtold

Dear Sir:

Find enclosed Physician's receipt in favor of John Linden an employee of the Larson Logging Company of Jewell, Oregon for the amount of $10.00 for medical service.

It is evident that our local Doctors and Physicians do not recognize the National Hospital and therefore it seems the issuance of hospital tickets by our company to our employees represents a lot of useless effort. We feel that the Association should exercise some effort to give the above mentioned some method of correction.

Yours truly,

Larson Logging Company

(Signed) FRED HARTSTROM

Fred Hartstrom

FH:W
Enclosure

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1792

8161 January 10, 1940

Mr. Will Kirk, Gen'l Manager
Industrial Hospital Association
Medical Arts Bldg.
Portland, Oregon

Dear Mr. Kirk:

This letter is to notify your Association that beginning the 1st of March, 1940, the undersigned physicians and the

hospitals that they represent will no longer accept your tickets.

As you possibly know, the physicians of Coquille now have formed a hospital association, which with the Mast and Coos Bay Associations we feel should serve their own communities in Coos County.

This action is in line with the recently published standards of the State Medical Association—whereby it is considered against the best interest of the patient to have a third party (that is a layman) come between the physician and his patient.

Hereafter, only Hospital Associations owned and operated by physicians will be acceptable by us.

Yours truly

Coquille Hospital
(Signed) J. D. RANKIN
(Signed) L. B. GOOLD
(Signed) N. EARL WILSON

Belle Knife Hospital
(Signed) G. E. STARK M. D.
(Signed) JAS. RICHMOND

Mast Hospital
(Signed) H. H. THOMAS

Bandon Hospital
(Signed) E. P. LUCAS

WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

If Today an ambulance backed up to your door to take YOU or one of your family to a hospital with a serious illness or for an expensive operation—or picked you up in the street or highway seriously injured? What would you do? All Hospitals and most Doctors want their money CASH IN ADVANCE.

WHAT ABOUT THE MONEY?

Which of these would you do:

Have it cash in hand —

Wreck your savings account, or —

Mortgage home, furniture —

?

Let our representative explain to you how to avoid Financial Distress when you become sick or get hurt — ALL FOR A FEW CENTS A DAY.

It is far better to have a Prudential Hospital Association Certificate and never use it, than to need it and not have it!

HEALTH

Your Greatest Asset—Guard and Protect it. Our KEEP WELL SERVICE does this by giving you a medical examination when deemed necessary by physicians designated by the Association.

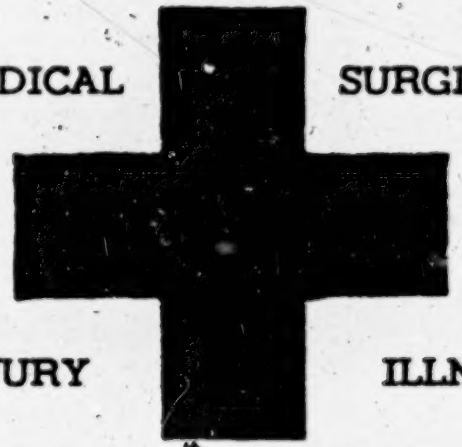
7

First Class

OUTLINE OF SERVICES

FURNISHED MEMBERS
UNDER
SERVICE CERTIFICATES

MEDICAL SURGICAL



INJURY ILLNESS

Prudential Hospital Association

Third Floor Morgan Bldg.
Portland 5, Oregon
BEacon 7227

S162

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1793

8163

INDIVIDUAL MEMBERSHIP CERTIFICATE

• Issued to individuals of the Caucasian race in good health. Age limits 3 to 56 years, both sexes. Physica examinations are required for those 45 years of age and over and when requested by Association.

Entrance Membership Fee

Registration Fee: One person	$3.00
Two or more in family	4.50

RATES

Each child (with parent member) 3 to 18 years	$2.00 mo.
Two children (with parent member) 3 to 18 years	1.75 mo.
Three or more children (with parent member) 3 to 18 years	1.50 mo.
Each child (without parent member) up to 18 years	2.50 mo.
Man or Woman. Each 18 to 45 years	2.50 mo.
Man or Woman. Each 46 to 50 years	3.00 mo.
Man or Woman. Each 51 and over	3.50 mo.

SERVICES PROVIDED

1. Medical and surgical services at the offices of physicians and surgeons designated by the Association.
2. Medical and surgical services at the home of the member.
3. Medical and surgical services at the hospital.
4. Maintenance in the hospitals designated by the Association, including operating room, anesthetics, dispensary service, laboratory, x-ray, board, ward room.
5. Prescription medicines.
6. Ambulance service.
7. Medical examinations, as are deemed necessary by physicians designated by Association, including urinalysis, heart and lung tests, blood pressure readings, blood examinations, including Wasserman tests, etc.
8. Ultra Violet and Infra-Red Ray treatments.
9. Short Wave Diathermy and Polysine Electric treatments.
10. Basal Metabolism tests and Electro-Cardiograph.
11. Anti-toxin inoculations for prevention of contagious diseases.
12. Vaccine inoculations for prevention of colds, poison oak.
13. Optometric service.
14. Maternity service.
15. X-ray service.

All services as are here set forth and to the extent of and subject to the provisions of the contract issued.

Prudential Hospital Association

Portland 5, Oregon

Gentlemen: Without obligation, please send me information about your Prepaid Medical Plan.

Name ..... Age .....

Address ..... Phone .....

Business Address .....

City ..... State .....

5409

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1794

8164 OFFICE PHONE - 153
RESIDENCE PHONE 160J

OFFICE HOURS 9 TO 12 - 1 TO 5
EVENINGS AND SUNDAY BY APPOINTMENT

R. N. HESTER, M. D.

Practice limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
AND FITTING OF GLASSES

CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON

October 13, 1941

Dr. A. E. King
Morgan Building
Portland, Oregon

Dear Doctor:

Was in Portland recently and talked with several friends, mostly M.D.'s, and I am satisfied it would be impossible for me to be admitted to the Portland Medical Society should I go ahead as we had planned. Therefore, I think it is best, for the present, not to consider moving to Portland. If at some time later the proposition should still be open, I might feel differently about this.

Thanking you very much for the offer you have made me, I remain

Fraternally yours,

(Signed) R. N. HESTER

R. N. HESTER, M. D.

RNH:kj

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1795

8165 OFFICE PHONE - 153
RESIDENCE PHONE 160J

OFFICE HOURS 9 TO 12 - 1 TO 5
EVENINGS AND SUNDAY BY APPOINTMENT

R. N. HESTER, M. D.

Practice limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
AND FITTING OF GLASSES

CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON

9-13-'41.

Dr. A. E. King
Portland, Ore.

Dear Doctor;

I should be in bed rather than up writing this letter. I spent two days at mouth of Columbia fishing last week end and am paying the fiddler now. I was soaking wet both days and drove home that way. I now have my back strapped, my lips covered with "fever sores", and can not talk above a whisper. I had reservations on boat leaving Seattle for Ketchikan Saturday morning. I cancelled reservations and will take same boat next Saturday the 20th, to make a long-delayed visit with a doctor friend of mine.

Well Doctor, since seeing you, I have been busy trying to close up my accounts in preparation for a get-a-way here. It will be some time yet before I will be able to let it be generally known that I am leaving. I will notify you as soon as I am sure as to leaving and give you plenty of time to make any preparations you wish. I heard from Oregon State Board and there will be no trouble as to license. I simply register and pay current year's dues of $5.00.

I expect to be in Alaska visiting about ten days, flying back from Juneau. Then I will start the rough stuff in an attempt to clean up my accounts. I am sending out letters with this information this month. Do not inspect this typing too close. This is one letter I must type myself and

it is slow, uncertain work with one finger. Hoping to see you before very long, I am,

Very Truly Yours,

(Signed) R. N. HESTER

P. S. My daughter and baby arrived in Chicago last Saturday for a visit and I may decide to meet her in San Francisco on her return, and spend a few days with my sister there before hitting the ball again.

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1796

8166 Oct. 18, 1941.

Dr. R. N. Hester
Chehalis, Washington.

Dear Doctor Hester:

Thanks very much for your letter.

As I told you the first time I had the pleasure of meeting you, I was sure you would have trouble with membership in the Portland Medical Society, but in spite of that fact, as I wrote you a few weeks ago, I found that we could have you admitted to the Board of the hospitals here, so that you could take your patients there under your own name.

I am very sorry indeed, Dr. Hester, that you decided not to come with us, as I still believe it would have been to our mutual benefit.

Whenever in Portland call and see me anyway, Dr. Hester.

Sincerely yours,

A. E. KING, M. D.

AEK:pc

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1797

8167

MERVIN H. SMITH, M. D.
ASTORIA, OREGON

Jan 7-1936

Prudential Hospital Assn.
Portland Ore.

Gentlemen:

Will you please discontinue my name as on of your physicians at Astoria.

Very Truly Yours,

(Signed) M. H. SMITH

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1798

8168

ANSON G. ALLEN, M.D. F.A.C.S.
OSBURN-O'BRIEN BUILDING
ASTORIA, OREGON

July 7, 1936.

Prudential Hospital Association,
Morgan Bldg.,
Portland, Oregon.

Gentleman:

I hereby tender my resignation as a member of the medical staff of the, Prudential Hospital Association.

AGA/s

Very truly yours

(Signed) A G ALLEN

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1799

8169 July 11, 1936

Anson G. Allen, M. D.
Osburn-O'Brien Bldg.,
Astoria, Oregon.

Dear Doctor Allen:

In reply to your letter of July 7th, we would say that we will omit your name from our list of doctors in Astoria the first of next month. You know we send each of the City of Astoria Employees a list of the Physicians and Surgeons who are acting for us in Astoria, the first of each month, hence your name is on the list for July, this list also goes to the O'Brien Spruce Co., and the Clatsop Box Co. It would be almost impossible to remove your name this month. We will be very sorry, indeed, to loose you as one of our Physicians in Astoria. Enclosed you will find a check for your bills. Do we not owe you some back bills for the months of May and June?

Regarding Martin Nelson who belongs to our Association under the Teachers Group here in Portland, would like to advise you that he was in our office, July 6. I had a shoulder X-Ray made and we found an impacted fracture at the neck of the humuris which would of course be impossible to diagnose without X-Ray. The position was perfect so we advised him keeping the arm in a supporting sling for another three of four weeks, and since he was returning to Astoria, told him to call and see you.

I expect to be in Astoria the first or middle of next week and will afford myself the pleasure of calling on you.

Thanking you ver kindly for past favors, I am

Very truly yours,

A. E. King, M. D.
President.

ENCL.
PC:AEK

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1800

ADDRESS

BASIC SUGGESTIONS TO THE OREGON PROFESSION *

A. M. WEBSTER, M.D.
PORTLAND, ORE.

The Oregon State Medical Society is the central organization of the medical profession of the State of Oregon. The constitution sets forth among the objects of the organization "the enlightenment of public opinion in regard to the great problems of medicine so that the profession shall maintain high and honorable standards within itself and be useful to the public in the prevention and cure of disease, and in prolonging and adding comfort to life." This organization is an integral part of the greatest medical organization in the world, The American Medical Association.

While our society is autonomous and we govern our own matters in Oregon, we look to the national organization for help and advice in all matters that are of interest to the profession at large. The loose thinkers who are always ready to cast some slur on the A. M. A. make a pitiful display of their own ignorance in so doing. We should be, and we are, proud of our national organization and its record of accomplishment.

Physicians are not only devoting their time to the application of remedial measures, such as have been proven and found good by scientific research and extensive tests, but every physician essentially is a teacher, and a paradoxical situation exists in this connection. He is always teaching people how to live in such a way as not only to overcome or cure the present ailment but to keep themselves in such condition that they will not need a doctor.

In any other calling but ours it would be rank foolishness to do as we do. The lawyer fattens on promoting litigation and making it difficult, the preacher sees his economic welfare made more secure by winning many new converts, the teacher increases demand for teachers by cultivating a desire for knowledge, but it is unthinkable that a doctor should go about spreading epidemics in order that there may be more demand for doctors to treat the sick. In most instances the physicians themselves are the health authorities who are working to check epidemics and prevent their spread. They are the ones who are teaching people how to keep well. Laws that will protect the public health are always favored by the medical profession and measures that are inimical to public health and welfare are earnestly and vigorously opposed.

Without the cooperation of laymen we would be helpless in promoting good measures and defeating bad ones, and, therefore, it is essential that we carry on a constant campaign of education to the end that public opinion may be enlightened. Another very important object of our organization is the promotion of friendly intercourse among physicians and the guarding and fostering of their material interests.

An organization of the physicians of a community is in some measure similar to that of retail

* President's Address, read before the Sixty-first Annual Meeting of Oregon State Medical Society, Gearhart, Wash., Sept. 19-21, 1915.

5416

8171

merchants, i.e., it is an organization of competitors, and the smaller the community covered by such an organization the more pronounced is the competitive feature. Obviously such a group does not possess the solidarity and cohesiveness that often characterizes a group made up of those who are not competing with each other. It is very difficult for a physician to be friendly with another one whom he regards as unfair in his attitude towards his competitors. Doubtless, always there will be a few such men who are self-centered and non-cooperative and even unscrupulous.

Consequently, there are certain difficulties in securing united action by local groups of physicians. However, there is marked improvement noted, and the spirit of good sportsmanship and fair play is growing. The larger communities have less consciousness of this problem. The state society, less affected by the competitive spirit, is in a position to meet and settle problems as they arise and advise the local groups accordingly. There always will be local problems that must be settled by local groups and there is no disposition to dictate on the part of the state society in strictly local matters.

Sometimes local groups get over-enthusiastic over matters that should be handled by the state society. Greater care should be exercised along this line, as often the end desired is defeated by hasty local action and the state society is greatly handicapped in handling a difficult state-wide situation.

The State Medical Society would disregard one of its stated objects, if it did not give a due amount of time and attention to fostering the material interests of its members. While the predominating urge of medical practice is altruistic, we cannot escape the fact that we live in conditions that make a liberal income an essential of a successful practitioner. That may seem a statement in reverse English to those who consider success as measured by income alone. That is, of course, a very narrow idea of what constitutes success in the practice of medicine and therein lies one of the distinctions between our profession and other callings.

It would be quite ideal if we could devote ourselves to the intensive practice of medicine without having to give a thought to financial matters. There is something savoring of incompatibility between scientific pursuits and the acquisition of money. Only a few have the versatility which combines financial acumen with the scientific practice of medicine. The solving of problems of diagnosis and treatment is so absorbing and so exhausting that other problems are pushed aside. This is one reason why doctors are often classed as poor business men and figure numerously on the sucker lists of the promoters of every conceivable scheme for separating the unwary from his money.

But there is another reason for an unfavorable financial situation among us that has been inherited by us. Long ago, long before there was any such thing as scientific medicine, it was customary for the doctor to accept any fee that the patient chose to offer. The poor paid nothing, many of the well-to-do did likewise, a few were honorable and enabled the doctors to live and transmit what learning they had to their colleagues and successors.

It is only within the space of one generation that a radical change in this plan has appeared. Many doctors can remember when it was considered unethical to send a bill for services rendered. The mercenary attitude that prevails in this present age, the vast increase in the number of those who expect and demand that everything be given to them, has brought upon the medical profession a staggering load.

Medical service is expensive. The day of horse transportation and saddle bag equipment for the doctor is gone forever. Yes, medical service is expensive, and is destined to be more so, and what may be a surprise to the general public is the fact that in rendering medical service the doctor pays the major fraction of the bill.

The medical care of the indigent has assumed proportions that were never dreamed of a few years ago. In prosperous times every doctor had his charity list and took care of these people without publicity, for then even the poor had self-respect and pride and did not take kindly to the idea of being publicly known as paupers. But since times have changed and approximately one-sixth of our population has been reduced to indigency, we have the amazing spectacle of the public officials who have the matter in charge making no provision for paying physicians even so much as the actual cost to them for taking care of the indigent. The medical care of the indigent is a legitimate charge against the tax funds of the county, and should be provided for in the budget. Physicians are under no obligation to carry the whole of the burden, but only their part as taxpayers. It is manifestly unfair for officials to make any other arrangement.

I have said above that medical service is destined to be more expensive. The cost of maintaining an office and employing assistants has been steadily increasing during the present century. Various schemes for reducing the expense of medical service

have failed. People demand and should have available the most up-to-date, worthwhile equipment for diagnosis and treatment of disease. The increase in indigency throws the burden of supporting modern medical practice on a decreasing number of pay patients. Simple arithmetical computation brings the result that larger fees must be charged the pay patients or the physician paid for the vast amount of what is now free service, or the standard of living of the physician must be reduced to that of his low income patients.

Here lies a social peril. No matter how fine the idea may seem that a young man chooses to study to acquire knowledge and training over a long period of years compared with the average span of adult life, in order that he may relieve suffering and be a ministering angel to the sick, nevertheless, the cold conclusion is inevitable that, if he can visualize no alluring prospect of financial reward commensurate with the lengthy and expensive preparation for his work and the necessary overhead of its operation, he is very apt to lose the vision of laudable, unselfish service and use his ability in fields where he may be assured an income in keeping with his education and skill. The practice of medicine has ceased to be an attractive field for able and ambitious young men.

I am quite sure our thoughtful American public is not ready to turn over its medical and health problems to mediocre minds. We need the highest type of intelligence in recruits that we may not be ashamed of them, and in order to perpetuate the high standards already established, physicians must be liberally rewarded instead of being reduced to an unattractive standard of living.

The Oregon State Medical Society carries on its work in a very well organized way. The committees work under the direction of the President and the Executive Committee. The arrangement is very satisfactory. Any physician who has anything on his chest can easily get an opportunity to present the matter to the Executive Committee or the Council. We have a smoothly working machine of entirely benevolent character. No person outside or inside who has good motives has any reason to fear this organization or oppose it.

This society should be supported by every physician licensed to practice in Oregon. It is the only group authorized to speak for the medical profession. It stands between the physician and the predatory interests that would debase him to a mere hireling if they could. It is the lone physician's advocate in guarding his interests, his counselor in trouble, his bulwark of defense under attack. The physician who does not support the State Medical Society by paying his dues is thumbing a free ride. If there were no State Medical Society, the necessity for organizing one would appear immediately.

The usual course of matters that come up for decision, if not urgent, is for the Executive Committee to investigate, make a recommendation to the Council and it makes the final decision; when the matter is not urgent it may be referred to the House of Delegates.

We have entered upon this convention with the largest membership in the sixty-one years of the life of the Society. This happy condition is not a mere accident, but the result of intelligent and persistent effort to make this organization an essential to every physician in our State. There is an evidence of solidarity in this that augurs well for the progress of scientific medicine in Oregon. The consciousness of the power of numbers gives confidence to those who are entrusted with leadership and makes for notable progress in the many lines that are important to our profession and that intimately affect our success and prosperity.

We form a group that is very important to the general public as we are pledged to so conduct our activities as to promote the public health and general welfare. An altruistic group such as ours is unique in the social organization known as the State. We have shown this rather dramatically during the past year by entering politics and bringing about the defeat of the initiative measure which was calculated to debase the standards of medical practice and withdraw from the public the protection against ignorant quacks which is one of the most precious safeguards afforded the unwary.

In waging this fight against the unscrupulous proposals of the quacks, our profession attained a solidarity heretofore unknown to it in this State, and we became conscious of political power which we wielded to the advantage of the general public and which we propose to use in the future to advance the cause of scientific medicine, public health and public welfare. Drs. Best, Hosch and Hockett, members of the legislature, cooperated perfectly with the State Medical Society and did much to accomplish quietly the good work whose value is but faintly appreciated by people in general.

Even the rank and file of our own Society have hardly realized the extent of the activities of our organization. Not only the public but the profession has benefited by them. Never in the history of this Society has it been so well organized and so

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full of the determination to accomplish lasting good. Incidental to the battle against the quack bill, a campaign of education was carried on and much interest aroused in the ideals and purposes of the medical profession.

I would be remiss indeed if I did not mention here the splendid and effective work of the Woman's Auxiliary. These loyal women laid aside their usual duties and canceled social engagements to devote themselves whole-heartedly and without stint to the task of informing the public about the dangers of the proposed bill and in spreading sound ideas as to the practice of medicine, the training of physicians, their purposes and ideals. I watched the work of these splendid women and am convinced that they were a very important factor in bringing about the sweeping victory for scientific medicine.

I believe the time is ripe for the establishment of a program of education of the general public under the auspices of the State Medical Society. There are indications that such a program would be welcomed by the more intelligent part of our population and lay support for it can be obtained to a large extent. Certain half-baked proposals can be met successfully by such a program and the adoption of hostile legislation prevented. It is only necessary to explain the character of our policies and purposes to win the support of fair minded people.

The Woman's Auxiliary has before it an unlimited field of cooperation with the committee of our Society having charge of public education. I believe we should be very aggressive in this field for it is evident that the general public has a very limited knowledge of the purposes and ideals of medical organizations; in fact, not merely very limited knowledge, but is well supplied with a lot of misinformation which forms the basis for unfriendly comment, not only by irresponsible loose thinkers, some of whom edit newspapers, but by many others who are well informed on most topics of human interest.

RECOMMENDATIONS

In facing the future, I wish to say most emphatically that I plead for a general acceptance of the broad view and the long look ahead, forgetting for the time being the minor things that clutter up our mental processes and produce an incorrect evaluation of medicosocial relations.

It is perfectly obvious, I think, that the orderly aggrandizement of our legitimate influence in shaping public opinion in all matters that interlock with the ethical practice of medicine depends on a strong, wise and aggressive State Medical Society. We already have a very comprehensive, mobile, and efficient set-up, under the present Constitution and By-Laws. The organization is democratic enough so that it is responsive to the majority opinions of its constituent societies or large groups of individuals, and it is autocratic enough to swiftly decide important questions and put the decisions into effect.

The power and efficiency of the organization depends on the character and personality of the officers and members of the Council and the loyalty of its members. The members, through the Constitution and By-Laws, have assigned the officers and Councilors certain definite duties and have laid upon them the responsibility of representing the membership in public relations. Having delegated these powers, it is in order to loyally support the Council and officers in the programs and policies they have approved.

All medical progress in our State is dependent on wise and carefully considered action by our governing body, the Council. All medical programs, involving the relations between the medical profession and lay groups or the general public, are the legitimate concern of the Council and officers.

Any individual or group acting independently of the Council and its duly appointed representatives, in conference with lay groups in determining programs and plans that involve the welfare of the medical profession, is disloyal to the organization of which he is a member and should be disciplined or excluded from the fellowship of the society. It is fundamental that any society must protect itself from unauthorized actions that mislead the laity as to who the responsible and duly authorized spokesmen of the medical organization may be. A contrary conception of the relation of the individual member to the society makes for dissension, bitter denunciations and a complete paraplegia of the organization.

While I admire independent thinking and find my own mental processes stimulated by listening to opinions in frank opposition to my own, I am convinced that a man who insists on checkmating and circumventing the matured and well considered policies of the medical organization is a menace to the organization which is of far more importance to the public and ourselves than any one man or self-seeking group. To state this fundamental thing more bluntly, every member should be a good sportsman and play the game according to the rules.

not seeking the aggrandizement of himself and not forgetting the interests of others.

This organization is your organization. It belongs to all of you. Ultimately anything that is done to cripple its activities will cripple us individually. If you don't agree with the policies adopted and pursued, the place for utterance of your protests is the meeting of the Council, where you will be given a courteous hearing and where you may be assured a decision will be forthcoming that is based on the merits of your proposition.

If you have in mind a plan of action on any subject that we should consider, bring it before the Executive Committee or the Council. You all know where the office of the executive secretary is located, and he will give you information as to meetings of the Executive Committee and the Council.

Presidents come and presidents go. They do not determine the continuing policies of the Society. They are of importance in this way. A good executive selects men who put the programs over through committee activity. A poor executive just rides along and the work lags until he is supplanted by his successor.

The office of President should be cherished as a high honor and should be conferred only on those who have been proven true to our ideals and who have earned this recognition. I am convinced that no man should seek this position.

We as an organization mind our own business. The individual members should do likewise and leave to the Society the handling of matters properly belonging to it. Solidarity is the sine qua non of success. Let's be good sports. Play the game according to the rules and present a united front.

Thanking you for your patient attention and thanking most earnestly all those who have cooperated with me in my earnest efforts to be of some value to the profession which I love, my swan song is ended with the only command I have ever given you. Carry on, fellows! Carry on!

[This exhibit is part of the January, 1936 issue of *North-*

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1801

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NORTHWEST MEDICINE
The Journal of the State Medical Associations of Oregon, Washington and Idaho
Devoted to the Interests of the Medical Profession of the Pacific Northwest

Editorial Office, 543 Stimson Building, Seattle, Wash.

AUGUST, 1936

EDITORIAL

THE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION SITUATION IN PORTLAND

During recent weeks considerable newspaper publicity has been given to the action of Multnomah County Medical Society in deciding no longer to sponsor Multnomah Industrial Health Association. In order that the profession of the Northwest may have correct information concerning this procedure, the following explanation is offered which presents a correct report of the manner in which the county society has dealt with this controversy.

For many years the question of hospital associations and contract practice has disturbed the society's tranquility. With the depression the income of physicians diminished as did that of all other groups. Perhaps it was the economic problem that stimulated some doctors to note that much industrial work went to hospital associations, and that a large number of patients were being treated at free clinics. Whether in consideration of or despite these observations it would be difficult to determine, suffice it to say, that a number of the most ethical Portland doctors conceived the idea that prepayment of medical services by employees in the low income group would not only solve the medical problem of these employees, but would also assist physicians in meeting their own problems. They reasoned that, with a physician-owned association, they would have such a large panel as to give practically free choice of physicians, and that with this argument they could attract much of the work which was going to the then organized hospital associations with their very limited panels. By this method, they figured, they could care for the low income group in a manner that would preserve their self-respect. It was hoped that ultimately the commercial hospital associations, with their solicitation of patients, might be driven from the field. With these objects in mind, Multnomah Industrial Health Association was organized. The council of Multnomah County Medical Society, many of whose members had joined the association, set out certain principles with the statement that any association that abided by them would receive the indorsement of the society. The Multnomah Association received this indorsement.

In the administration of their affairs, the Multnomah Association was forced, in order to meet the competition of the commercial associations, to advise employers and employees regarding their organization. This, of course, constituted solicitation in contravention of the code of ethics of the American Medical Association and of the principles promulgated by the council. An attempt was made to eliminate the objectionable features, but was not entirely successful. In the meantime the personnel of the council changed. The Bulletin of the American Medical Association of approximate date contained articles on solicitation of patients and was conducive of much thought and discussion. The members of the society then became divided on the questions involved and a number resigned from the Multnomah organization. However, new members were signing up. The county society, also, addressed the membership on the subject of solicitation.

The matter was definitely brought to a head when a contract was entered into by Multnomah Industrial Health Association and teachers of the public schools. It was felt by many members that this service should not be offered to this class who earned over $1500 a year, and, furthermore, physician members were now obligated to care for their former pay patients as members of the Multnomah Association at the low net fees which the association was able to pay. Added to this was the fact that in order to meet the competition of other like organizations, it was necessary for the Multnomah organization to give coverage to certain executives who had incomes of more than $1800 a year.

A committee was appointed under the chairmanship of Dr. Karl Martzloff to investigate all hospital associations and especially the Multnomah organization. The survey was made under the personal direction of Mr. Ralf Couch, secretary of the University of Oregon Medical School, at a cost of some $900. The committee had complete access to the books of the Multnomah association and also went over the books of Industrial Hospital Association, but were denied access to the books of the National and other associations. This report, which became known as the Martzloff report, could distinguish no essential difference between Multnomah Industrial Health Association as operated and the commercial hospital associations, and advised

against the continuance of the approval the council had given the association.

This report definitely divided the members of the society into two groups, those who were opposed to hospital associations and contract practice in any form and those who believed that an organization such as the Multnomah, with the backing of the county society and meeting the organizations on their own ground, could drive the other commercial organizations from the field. The council took action and withdrew its approval from Multnomah Industrial Health Association. A considerable minority disapproved of this action and, in accordance with the provisions of the constitution and by-laws, the questions were referended to the annual meeting to be held on December 18, 1935.

At this meeting, the largest attended annual meeting the society has ever held; the late Dr. J. Tate Mason, then president-elect of the American Medical Association, was the chief speaker. Interest was at such a high heat that it was felt the welfare of the society would be promoted by not voting on the question at that time, but by letting it come before the members at an adjourned session. It was, therefore, voted that an adjourned meeting should be called at such a time as President Brooke deemed advisable. It seemed, on a standing vote on the question, that those members who had interpreted the code of ethics most strictly were supported by members of the hospital associations other than the Multnomah and by other physicians doing contract work. The Multnomah Association members voted almost alone for their program. In the succeeding months the arguments were frequent and at times spirited, and personalities were allowed to enter into the discussion and into the society's publication.

Another matter which has added to the confusion is the fact that Multnomah County Medical Society has upon its roll several members who for various reasons should be dropped. One, for instance, has had his license revoked. Under the present laws it would take about two years and much money to drop him, should he resist loss of membership to the extent of appealing to the civil courts. It is generally agreed that several less flagrant violators should also be disciplined. The by-laws, therefore, were amended by the council to provide that on December 31 of each year all members of the society shall lose their membership in the society except the newly elected council and other officers. These few select holdover members shall restore to full membership all previous members whom they deem not unworthy of membership and shall notify those members who are believed not to be entitled to reinstatement of such action. These may then show cause why they should not have been denied continuing membership.

Some of the members unfortunately conceived the idea that the amendment was intended to drop all those who belonged to certain organizations, but those who initiated this movement disclaim any such intent. It is intended that this by-law shall affect only those very few whom almost every member of the society knows to be outside the circle of ethical respectability. At the next annual meeting the constitution will be amended so as to put the provisions of this new by-law into effect.

Following a consultation with his advisers, President Banner R. Brooke called the recessed session of the annual meeting for July 1, and Dr. Morris Fishbein, editor of *The Journal of The American Medical Association*, was invited to address the society on the subject of medical ethics. Dr. Fishbein made a most masterly address, tracing the history of medical ethics from ancient times and reviewed the past record of the medical profession in its services to humanity without the intervention of a third party, organized or otherwise. Upon a secret ballot vote of the members present on the two questions involved, namely, the acceptance of the Martzloff report and the withdrawal of the approval which had been given to Multnomah Industrial Health Association, the council was sustained in both instances.

There is no thought to penalize those who became members of Multnomah Industrial Health Association through inadvertency or errors in reasoning, or the stringency of the financial situation or perhaps some other reasons, nor is it intended that the organization shall not complete its present contracts, but rather it is proposed that no further contracts shall be made so that, when present contracts are fulfilled, the organization may disband.

In all this discussion one is struck by the utter sincerity and honesty of both sides. Unfortunately, this controversy within the medical society has made the public health insurance-minded in a way that may not bode good for the profession nor for the public itself. Such has been the experience in other countries where the high standard of medical service, as is given in America, cannot be maintained under conditions where the physician-patient relationship is disturbed.

Anything that can be done to make up for the errors that have been made will to that extent reestablish amity and good will between the members. The absolute living up to promises for the future by both sides to the controversy, especially in the matter of making a clean sweep of all hospital associations, will be necessary. When this has been accomplished, members of Multnomah Industrial Health Association may be credited with having made an unpromising situation so distasteful that it had to be corrected. The council of Multnomah County Medical Society, being constituted of outstanding members in whom the profession has confidence, should be able to guide the profession correctly in the matters which come before it. Any plan which is put into effect must have its approval. Its judgment, while safeguarding the members of the medical profession, will guarantee to all patients the highest type of medical services that can be rendered.

THE FOURTEENTH AMERICAN MEDICAL DIRECTORY

The medical profession ought to realize the importance of the last edition of the American Medical Directory. This volume, the result of two years continuous labor, presents a wealth of information concerning the medical profession of our country, with varied detailed specifications unobtainable elsewhere. It contains the names of 183,312 physicians, with 13,157 added to the last issue, 7,684 names having been removed because of death. Thirty-two states show an increase of physicians, while twelve show a slight decrease.

In addition to this listing of names and addresses, specialties are included, indicated in connection with each recorded name. There is also an alphabetical list of all physicians of the country with their residence addresses. In addition to this manifold information concerning individuals, there are sections including medical practice acts, boards of health, medical examiners and other allied activities. Also there are lists of hospitals, sanatoria and related institutions with detailed specifications for each. No one volume exists from which can be obtained such a wealth of information regarding the medical profession of the United States and its dependencies and Canada. This volume should be available for all practitioners, especially officers of medical organizations.

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1803

8178 Office Phone 1071 — Res. Phone 41X3

ALVIN ROBERTS, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Post Office Box 782
Central Point, Oregon

January 8, 1949

Mr. L W. Davison
Southern Oregon Sugar Pine
Central Point, Oregon

Dear Mr. Davison:

We are returning to you the Employe's Receipt form for Clyde Lees which you sent to us.

As you are probably aware, we have no contract with NHA, consequently we cannot accept the "Employe's Receipt" form in payment of personal accounts.

The individual must personally settle his account with us. We shall be glad to supply whatever information he may need to secure reimbursement from his insurer.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) Alvin Roberts, MD

Alvin Roberts, M. D.

AR/fb

Plaintiff's Exhibit 1804

PROCEEDINGS

SIXTH
ANNUAL
CONVENTION

OREGON STATE INDUSTRIAL
UNION COUNCIL

—CIO—

ROSEBURG—OREGON
JANUARY 7th, 8th, 9th, 1944

8211 Georgeson, ILWU 1-8, spoke against the recommendation of the committee for nonconcurrence.

Dusten, IWA 5-37, spoke in favor of the resolution. The resolution only calls for justice to be done and if that is not forthcoming we still retain our economic power of strike action.

McKee, IWA 6-12, was in full agreement with Brother Dusten. Spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

Mathews, IWA 5-3. In his opinion it is the best resolution of the Convention.

Nelson, IWA 5-40, Never has given a "no-strike" pledge and never will until such time as we get a pledge from the employers that they will eliminate all the causes of strikes. Spoke in favor of the resolution.

Ireland, TWUA 128. Spoke in favor of resolution.

Richard Scott, IWA 6-7. Spoke in favor of resolution.

Seney, IWA 5-3. Moved previous question be called. M/S

Motion made to concur in the resolution. M/S/C.

Resolution #36: Replace Holman.
Committee Action: Recommends adoption.
Convention Action: To concur.

Resolution #37: Summer camp for children.
Committee Action: Recommends nonconcurrence.
Brost, PIUC, suggested amendment to committee's recommendation, amend to send the subject matter to either the Executive Board or the next Convention.
Amend./S/C.
Convention Action: To concur in recommendation as amended.

Resolution #38: Soldiers' Vote.
Committee Action: Recommends adoption.
Convention Action: To concur.

Resolution #39: Medical Association Monopoly.
Committee Action: Recommends adoption.
Convention Action: To concur.

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Resolution No. 39: Oregon Medical Society.

WHEREAS: It appears that, under pressure from the Oregon State Medical Society, a number of physicians and surgeons practicing in Oregon have been induced to refuse treatment to sick and injured employes under contracts with hospital associations other than those owned and controlled by the members of the aforesaid Medical Society; and,

WHEREAS: Such a program on the part of the State Medical Society and its members, if continued, would deprive the employees of this State of their right to select the hospital association under which they wish to protect themselves and would create a monopoly of the hospital association business of Oregon in the hands of the doctors of this State; and,

WHEREAS: Such a program on the part of the State Medical Society and its members is inimical to the best interests of the employees of this State, and is contrary to the precepts of Organized Labor, now, therefore, be it